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#### **ABSTRACT**

This research work was carried out in order to find out if actuallythere is any impact which taxation has on Nigerian economy and the survey forthis study is based on Enugu state. This research work also became necessary inorder to bring to the proper understanding of the enquirer the best way tosolve such problems connected with tax especially: what is taxable, which system of tax is acceptable, the rate of tax evasion and tax avoidance, the assessment of Nigeria tax system and which of the impacts of taxation is the most essential. The primary function of every government is to make provision of this enormous work cannot be carried out adequately by the government due to its limited resources therefore, there is imposition of tax on all citizens, companies to augment government financial position. Government have always enacted various tax laws and reformed to stand the taste of time.

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CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY

Oneof the major functions of the government especially developing countries such as Nigeria is the provision of infrastructural services such as electricity, schools, hospitals, pipe-borne water, good roads and as well as ensure a risein per-capital income, poverty alleviation to mention a few.

For these services to be adequately provided, government should have enough revenue to finance them. The task offinancing these enormous responsibilities is one of the major problems facing the government. Based on the limited resources of government, there is need to carry the citizens (governed) along hence the imposition of tax on all taxable individuals and companies/organizations to augment government financial position is essential.

Tothis end, government have always enacted various tax laws and reformed existingones to stand the taste of time. These laws include: Income Tax Management Act(ITMA), Companies Income Tax Decree (CITD) etc.

Allthese are aimed at ensuring adherence to tax payment and discouraging taxevasion and avoidance. For the purpose of this study, the researchers would beconcerned with the impact of taxation on Nigeria economy.

# 1.2STATEMENTOF THE PROBLEM

Thefirst need of any modern government is to generate enough revenue which isindeed "the breath of its nostrils". Thus, taxation is by far one the most significant source of revenue for the government. Nigerians regard payment oftax as a means through which government raises revenue on herself at the expense of their sweat.

It is good to notethat no taxation succeeds without the tax payers' co-operation. Here, we canask some thought – provoking questions such as:

- Whatmakes taxation such a difficult issue?
- Whydo people feel cheated when it comes to tax?
- Isgovernment making judicious use of taxpayers' money?

In view of theabove questions, this study is going to be carried out to offer solutions tothem.

We shall also lookat the following issues and offer recommendations:

- i. Problems affecting the successful operation of tax system in Nigeria.
- ii. How to determine theassessable income.
- iii. Process of taxadministration in Nigeria.

#### 1.3 OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The general objective of the study is toassess the effect that taxation has towards the development/growth of Nigerianeconomy.

- However, the specific objective of the study includes:
- i.To examine the extentgovernment has been using revenue generated by tax.
- ii.To determine the reaction of people towards tax payment.
- iii. To find out if tax revenue is the most effective source of government revenue.
- iv. To examine how tax rateaffects the rate of inflation, unemployment and Gross National Product (GNP).
- v.To find out the most significant effect of taxation.
- Generally, thiswork is done to find out if tax constitutes the bulk of government revenue and to erase the erroneous that it is an exploitation by government for theirselfish interest.

#### 1.4 RESEARCHQUESTION

- i.To what extent hasgovernment been using tax generated revenue?
- ii. How do people reacttowards tax payment?
- iii.Is tax the most effectivesource of revenue to the government?
- iv. Does tax revenue have anysignificant impact on GDP, inflation and unemployment?
  - v. Which of the effects oftaxation is the most significant?

#### 1.5 SIGNIFICANCEOF THE STUDY

One of the most frequently discussedissues in Nigeria is how to solve the economic hardship in the country and howto create an industrial base that can guarantee self sustaining economicdevelopment. Also one wonders why a country which is richly endowed with thenecessary human and material resources and which the people pay tax has beenturned a heavily indebted country.

The study will afford us the opportunityto:

- i. Know the roles taxationplay in the Nigerian economy.
- ii. Ascertain how governmenthas been using tax generated revenue.
- iii. The study will also revealif there are other better sources of government funding.

#### 1.6 SCOPE OF THESTUDY

Thescope of this study covers critical examinations on the impact of taxation onNigerian economy. It will also analyze other related issues such as structureand administrative machinery of tax in Nigeria and their associated problems. The essence of this digression is to possibly find out the obstacles if any, that hinder

the effective collection and administration of tax in the country.

The reference period for this study is 2000 – 2011. Inability of the researcher to procure current data forced theresearcher to utilize only available ones. Data for this study were collected from Board of Internal Revenue and National Bureau of Statistics, Enuqu.

#### B. LIMITATIONSOF THE STUDY

It is obvious that a research work likethis cannot be carried out without some hindrances. There are constraints that limit the work of the researchers amongst which are:

- i. Inadequate time: The time available is very limited, as a resultof this, the researchers are restricted to some places for interviews andquestioning during the collection of data.
- ii. Insufficient fund: The fund available to the researchers to carryout this work is not sufficient. As a result of high economic hardship as wellas high cost of transportation.
- iii. There were also scarcity of current textbooks on taxation becausetax laws are constantly changed and so many textbooks were obsolete for thestudy.
- iv. The inability of some government officials to disclose certainreliable information which they considered confidential also constitute alimitation to this study.

Finally, the academic workload on the campusis one of the limiting factors on this research work. Despite all these constraints, the researchers were able to carry out a fair and effective studyon this topic.

#### 1.7 ASSUMPTIONSOF THE STUDY

The researchers in carrying out this study, will make the following assumptions:

- i. That the data that will be used are true and fair figures actually collected by the Federal Government each vear of assessment.
- ii. That the data will be authentic and can be relied on for further research work on the topic.
- That the data is going to form the basis of the research work.

# 1.8 FORMULATIONOF HYPOTHESIS

To enable the researcher test if there isany impact taxation has on the Nigeria Economy; some statistical model will be based on the responses from oral interview carried out and the questionnaires distributed and also statistical data generated from the appropriate sources. The data generated from all these will be used to test the following hypothetical statements:

# **Hypothesis 1:**

The null hypothesis(Ho): Revenue generated from tax does not make any positive impact on theeconomic

development of the nation.

The alternative hypothesis (H<sub>1</sub>): Revenue generated from tax has a positive impact on the economic development of the nation.

# **Hypothesis 2:**

The null hypothesis(Ho): Taxation has no significant impact on GDP, Inflation and Unemployment.

The alternative hypothesis (Ho): Taxation has a significant impact on GDP, Inflation and Unemployment.

Hypothesis 3:

The null hypothesis(Ho): That revenue generated from tax is so meager compared to revenue fromother sources as such, government can do without tax.

The alternativehypothesis (H<sub>1</sub>): That is a major source of government revenue and assuch government cannot do without tax.

# 1.9 DEFINITION OFTERMS

Tax: Acompulsory levy by the government on its citizens for the provision of publicgoods and services.

Tax Base: The object which is taxed for instance personal income, company profit.

Taxincidence: This is the effect and where the burden of

taxationis finally rested.

FBIRS: (FederalBoard of Inland Revenue Services): It is an operational arm of Federal Board ofInland Revenue which is responsible for the Federal Tax Matters.

CITA: (CompanyIncome Tax Act) It is a Federal Law operated by the FIRS, which deals with thetaxation of all limited liability companies in Nigeria with the exception ofthose engaged in petroleum operations.

JTB: (JointTax Board) Is established under section 85 (2) of Decree of 104 of 1993 toarbitrate on tax disputes between one state tax authority and another.

VAT: (ValueAdded Tax) is a multistage tax levied and collected on transactions at allstages of sales and distribution.

CGTA: (CapitalGain Tax Act) is an act that stipulates that all capital gains arising ondisposal of assets of individuals, partnership and limited companies should betaxed.

PPTA: (Petroleum Profit Tax Act) is an act that regulates the petroleum profit tax and also specifies how profit from petroleum will be taxed.

Withholding Tax: This is tax charged on investmentincome namely: rents, interest, royalties and dividends.

Presently it ischarged as the tax offset.

Progressive Tax: This is a tax incidence that increases as the size of income increases.

Regressive Tax: A tax is regressive when its tax ratedecreases as the income increases.

Excise Duties: They are taxes levied on some goods manufactured within a country.

Persons: Itincludes all taxable persons be it individual or corporate bodies.

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