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CHAPTER ONE

1.0 Introduction

It is believed that the goal of every organizationis to meet the needs and the requirements of its stakeholders. Meeting theneeds and the requirements of the stakeholders will not only ensure thesurvival of the organization but also flourish it. Customer is presumed to beone of the most important stakeholders in any organization because without him,organizations are not likely to succeed. Travel trade in Nigeria contributes6.8% of Nigeria's GDP, INR 2,178.1 Billion to the country's GDP, USD 18.13 Billionin foreign exchange earnings, 3.6 % growth is foreign tourists from May 2015,39.5 million jobs, 7.7% of its total employment. Total travel agents inNigeria: 20,000 (approx) doing monthly business.

1.1 Background of the Study

The success of airlines depends majorly on theability to identify customers' wants and needs, and factor it in the qualityservice that would meet customers' satisfaction. Air transport is thetransportation of passengers and cargo by aircraft and helicopters.

Thus, it is a transport mode for the movement orcarriage by air of persons or goods using airplanes and helicopters (Don-Beliner 1996). The airline industry is a major player in the world economy asit contributes significantly to the leisure/tourism and is a key element of international business (Tiernan, Rhodes & Waguespack, 2008), with globalairline revenues exceeding \$12.9 billion as at 2006 (IATA, 2007).

The aviation industry in Nigeria is a major playerin the economy owing to its substantial contribution to ease of movement within the country especially in the face infrastructural decay (poor and insecure road transport system) in the recent years. Nigerian Airways was established inOctober, 1958 as a joint venture between the Nigerian government's lines and the British Overseas Airways Corporation (BOAC) while the Nigerian Airways tookover the operation of domestic flights from the disbanded West African AirwaysCorporation (WAAC) which had been operating commercial aircraft within thecountry since 1946 (Filani, 1983). In 1963, the Nigerian Federal Governmentbought out the other shareholders and the Nigerian government became thesole-owner of Nigeria Airways. The airline has monopoly for providing domesticair services in Nigeria and also the national flag carrier for internationalservices. According to Filani (1983), in 1976, within Nigeria several chartercompanies joined the Nigeria Airways to operate additional flight in smallaircraft from Lagos to the main economic centres in the Southern and Northernparts of the country. The Nigerian government realizing the role of airtransport in the Nation's development made significant attempts to develop thecountry's aviation industry. The most massive was the 1975-1980 airportdevelopment programme in which the Murtala Mohammed airport complex was about complex was about N240 million (Filani, 1983). Six other airports in Kano, Ilorin, Kaduna, Sokoto, Port Harcourt and Maiduguri were developed to accommodate large aircrafts. Apart from these airports development programmethe Federal government also intensifies manpower development in the aviationindustry. But due to the efficiency of the sector, the aviation industry wasliberalized to allow private owners to compete favourable in the business.

Port Harcourt International Airport (IATA: PHC,ICAO: DNPO) is an international airport located in Omagwa, a suburb of PortHarcourt city in Rivers State, Nigeria. The airport consists of a singleterminal with separate facilities for international and domestic flights. In2009, the airport served 1,081,587 passengers, making it the third busiestairport in Nigeria.

This lead increase of number of operators and perceived frequent flyers in the industry which does the perceived services value and quality often reflect the customers' level of satisfaction with the airline and show intention to repatronize the service (FMA, 2012).

According to Nigerian Airport Authority (FMA, 2012), from visiting family and friends to shipping high value products, 8.3 millionpassengers and 181,000 tonnes of freight travelled to, from and within Nigeria; domestically, more than 66,800 flights make over 75 million seats available topassengers, destined to 18 airports as at years 2011 and 2012.

Since success of airlines in Nigeria will be itsability to identify customers' wants and needs, gather them up and then come upwith quality service that would meet customers' satisfaction it important that researches on assessing the determinant of choice of airline should becontinuous as this will assist all the stakeholders survive in their strive tosupress competition by attempting to bridge the existing gap between customers'service expectations and the quality of service offered by them to fly withinNigeria.

In Nigeria, the value of consumer benefit variesbecause of how often they fly, and the value a passenger attach to additionalflight will in general fall. This is consonance to the law of diminishingreturns which states that affirming that to continue after a certain level of performancehas been reached, will result in a decline in effectiveness (Case, Karl & Fair Ray (1999).

1.2 Statement of the Study

Since, the success of airlines depends majorly oncustomers' whereby, without them an organization seize to exist, it is therefore, importance to identify there wants and needs, and factor it in the quality ofservice to be rendered to the customers. A major problem to the aviation industry in general (Nigeria) is the cost of flight, the route that areavailable and the durability of the aircraft in terms of the life span of the aircraft in use.

Hence, this study examines if the NigerianPassengers that fly within Nigeria get the value of the expected fare paid for flight, fully satisfied with the services delivered or the air fee exceeds the perceived value gotten from the flight and with the less value or satisfaction gotten through air transport.

The quality of service the customers perceived most ime are not the quality of service the customer gets at the end.

Quality of service do not match to the cost ofservice.

1.3 Objectives of the Study

The objective of the study is therefore to:

1) Investigate the service delivery of Riversstate Aviation industry if its meets the customers satisfactory and value

2) To identify customer's perceived value andneeds, his satisfactory level.

3) Examine how the passengers' socio-economicstatus affects choice of airline.

4) Analyze the impact of perceived value oncustomer satisfaction in Nigeria Aviation Industry.

5) Analyze the impact of service quality oncustomer satisfaction in Nigeria Aviation Industry.

1.4 Research Question(s)

This research addresses the following questionsrelated to services provided by airline travel agents in Rivers state:

a) Which service quality dimensions are thebest predictors of overall service quality in terms of satisfaction in theservice sector?

b) Do customers perceive value influences theirsatisfaction level on the choice of airline

1.5 Research Hypothesis

Consequently the proposed hypothesis of the studyis;

H01: There is no significant relationship betweenservice quality and satisfaction of air travelers Nigeria. H1: There is significant relationship betweenservice quality and satisfaction of air travelers Nigeria.

H02: There is no significant relationship betweenperceived value and air travelers' satisfaction in Nigerian. H2: There is no significant relationship betweenperceived value and air travelers' satisfaction in Nigeria.

H03: Socio economic attribute of airline travelersdo not influence the choice of airline.

H3: Socio economic attribute of airline travelersdoes influence the choice of airline.

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